Anti-Tyrosinase Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody



Catalog #: 50715

Aliases

Tyrosinase; LB24-AB; Monophenol monooxygenase; SK29-AB; Tumor rejection antigen AB

Background

Gene Name: TYR

NCBI Gene Entry: 7299 UniProt Entry: P14679

Application Information

Molecular Weight: Predicted, 60 kDa; observed, 70 kDa

Clonality: Rabbit polyclonal antibody Species Reactivity: Human, mouse, rat

Applications Tested: Western blotting (WB), immunohistochemistry (IHC), immunocytochemistry

(IC)

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human Tyrosinase

Isotype

Rabbit IgG

Storage Buffer

Supplied in PBS (pH 7.3) containing 30% glycerol, and 0.01% sodium azide.

Storage

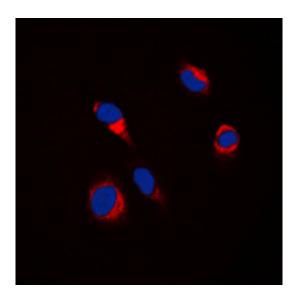
Store at -20 °C for one year.

Recommended Dilutions

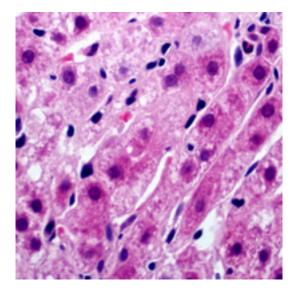
Western Blotting (WB): 1:500-1:1,000 Immunohistochemistry (IHC): 1:100-1:200 Immunocytochemistry (IC): 1:100-1:500

Note: This product is for research use only.

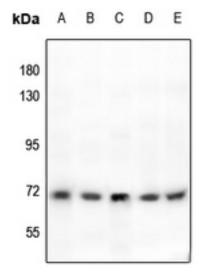
Validation Data



Immunocytochemical analysis of Tyrosinase staining in HepG2 cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a humidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a DyLight 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue).



Immunohistochemical analysis of Tyrosinase staining in human liver formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. AEC was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



Western blotting analysis of Tyrosinase expression in A375 (A), Podocyte (B), Beas2B (C), PMVEC (D), BV2 (E) whole cell lysates.